

Janis Griffin Senior Database Consultant Top 5 PostgreSQL Query Tuning Tips!

Quest

### Who Am I?

Janis.Griffin@quest.com Twitter® - @DoBoutAnything Current – 30+ Years in Oracle®, DB2®, ASE, SQL Server®, MySQL, PostgreSQL

**DBA** and **Developer** 

Specialize in Performance Tuning

Customers Common Question: How do I tune it?







## Agenda

#### Challenges of Tuning

- Monitor Wait Time
- Review the Explain Plan
- Gather Object Information
- Find the Driving Table
- Engineer out the Stupid

#### Several Case Studies

## **Challenges of Tuning**

#### • SQL Tuning is Hard

- Who should tune DBA or Developer
- Which SQL to tune

#### Requires Expertise in Many Areas

- Technical Plan, Data Access, SQL Design
- Business What is the Purpose of SQL?

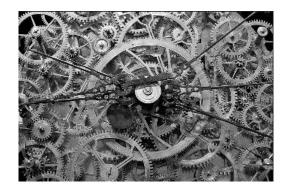
#### • Tuning Takes Time

- Large Number of SQL Statements
- Each Statement is Different

#### Low Priority in Some Companies

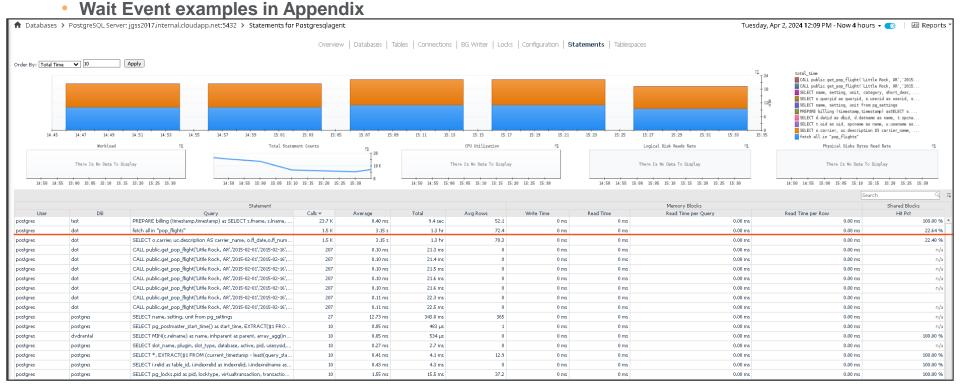
- Vendor Applications
- Focus on Hardware or System Issues
- Never Ending





#### Quesť

### **Monitor Wait Time – Statement Level**



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#### Where Next Meets Now.

### **Review the Explain Plan**

- EXPLAIN Command <u>https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/sql-explain.html</u>
  - Gives estimated costs (start\_up / total cost) as it doesn't actually run it

- EXPLAIN analyze what is explain cost
  - Executes the query so actual run time statistics are shown

#### Quesť

### **Examine the Explain Plan**

#### Find Expensive Operators

- Examine costs and row counts (shows the # of rows processed not what it evaluated)
  - Gives an estimate of resources (CPU and disk I/O)
- Look for Seq Scan or Index Scan

#### Review the Filter Conditions

- Know which step filtering predicate is applied

#### Review Join Methods

- Nested Loops join: Usually efficient for smaller data sets
- Hash Join: Useful on very large data sets (DW)
- Merge Join: Efficient for larger data sets



## **Explain Plan - Look for Common Mistakes**

#### Identify Common Mistakes

- Using functions on indexed columns
  - In WHERE, ON & HAVING clause
  - Create a Functional Index instead
    - > Create index lower\_title\_idx on film(lower(title));
- Nested views
  - One view calling or joining to other views
- Use of cursors or row by row processing
- Missing or Poor Indexing
- Problems Outside of the Plan
  - Missing or stale statistics
  - Database misconfiguration
  - No database constraints

### Quesť

## **Gather Object Information**

#### Understand objects in explain plans

- Table Definitions & Sizes
  - Is it a View?
    - > Get underlying definition
  - Number of Rows / Partitioning?
- Examine Columns in Where Clause
  - Know the Cardinality of columns
  - Is there Data Skew
    - > Consider partial index
  - Are there indexes on the join / filtering columns
- Index & Constraint Definitions
  - Entity Relationship Diagrams (ERDs) can help

#### Statistics Collection Configuration

- Analyze / Vacuum

#### Quesť



## **Case Study**

Who registered yesterday for SQL Tuning Class?



Where Next Meets Now.

## Who registered yesterday for SQL Tuning

PREPARE billing (timestamp, timestamp) as

SELECT s.fname, s.lname, r.signup\_date

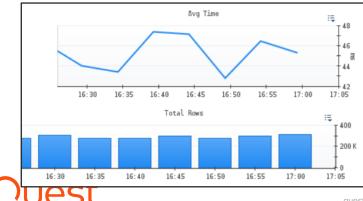
FROM test.student s

INNER JOIN test.registration r ON s.student\_id = r.student\_id

INNER JOIN test.class c ON r.class\_id = c.class\_id

WHERE c.name = 'SQL TUNING'

AND r.signup\_date BETWEEN \$1 AND \$2 AND r.cancelled ='N';



Statement Summary	
Server	jgss2017.internal.cloudapp.net:5432
Query ID	3075482329797333000
User	postgres
Database	test
Calls	5.4 K
Avg Time	45 ms
Total Time	24.5 min
Avg Rows	52.3
Query	PREPARE billing (timestamp,timestamp) as SELECT s.fname, s.lname, r.signup_date FROM test.student s INVER JOIN test.registration r ON s.student_id = r.student_id INVER JOIN test.class c ON r.class_id = c.class_id WHERE c.name = \$3 AND r.signup_date BETWEEN \$1 AND \$2 AND r.cancelled = \$4

Where Next Meets Now.

### Explain (Analyze, Buffers)

```
explain (analyze, buffers)
SELECT s.fname, s.lname, r.signup date
FROM test.student s
    INNER JOIN test.registration r ON s.student id = r.student id
                                                                                           PKs / FKs only
    INNER JOIN test.class c ON r.class id = c.class id
WHERE c.name = 'SOL TUNING'
AND r.signup date BETWEEN 2014-03-21 00:00:00 and 2014-03-28 00:00:00
AND r.cancelled ='N';
                                              OUERY PLAN
 Nested Loop (cost=26.81...2045.81 rows=67 width=35) (actual time=1.181...32.482 rows=57 loops=1)
   Buffers: shared hit=695
   -> Hash Join (cost=26.52..2023.92 rows=67 width=13) (actual time=1.159..31.964 rows=57 loops=1)
         Hash Cond: (r.class id = c.class id)
         Buffers: shared hit=524
         -> Seq Scan on registration r (cost=0.00..1909.67 rows=33279 width=18) (actual time=0.030..24.081 rows=33259 loops=1)
              Filter: ((signup date >= '2014-03-21 00:00'::timestamp without time zone)
                   AND (signup date <= '2014-03-28 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone)
                   AND (cancelled = 'N'::bpchar))
              Rows Removed by Filter: 46722
              Buffers: shared hit=510
         -> Hash (cost=26.50..26.50 rows=2 width=5) (actual time=0.256..0.257 rows=2 loops=1)
              Buckets: 1024 Batches: 1 Memory Usage: 9kB
              Buffers: shared hit=14
               -> Seq Scan on class c (cost=0.00..26.50 rows=2 width=5) (actual time=0.043..0.251 rows=2 loops=1)
                    Filter: ((name)::text = 'SQL TUNING'::text)
                    Rows Removed by Filter: 998
                    Buffers: shared hit=14
   -> Index Scan using pk student on student s (cost=0.29..0.33 rows=1 width=32) (actual time=0.007..0.007 rows=1 loops=57)
         Index Cond: (student id = r.student id)
         Buffers: shared hit=171
 Planning:
   Buffers: shared hit=20
 Planning Time: 0.693 ms
 Execution Time: 32.553 ms
                                                                                                                               leets Now.
```

### **Review Table & Indexes**

1	• • • \ d • d	t u saistu sti sa				
	test=# \a test	t.registration				
		Table "test.regist				
	Column	Туре	Collation	Nullable	Default	
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	#	+	
	student id	numeric(18,0)	l	Ì		# of Rows
	class_id	numeric(18,0)				
	cancelled	character(1)				class 1,000
	signup date	timestamp without time zone				
	Indexes :		-	-	-	student 10,000
	"pk regist	tration" UNIQUE CONSTRAINT, btm	ree (student	id. class	id, signup date)	
	Foreign-key co	• • ·	,		, , , ,	registration 79,981
		tion_class_id_fkey" FOREIGN KEY	(class id)	DEEEDENCES	test class(class id)	
	registrat	tion_student_id_fkey"    FOREIGN	KEY (Student	_1 <b>a)</b> KEFEKE	NCES Test.student(student_1d)	

student       pk_student       List of relations         class       pk_class       Schema       Name       Type       Owner       Table       Persistence       Access method       Schema       Schema	<pre>test=# SELECT tablename, indexname FROM pg_indexes WHERE tablename in ('class','student','registration');   tablename   indexname   test=# \di+ test.*</pre>									
(3 rows)       test       pk_class       index       postgres       class       permanent       btree       56         test       pk_registration       index       postgres       registration       permanent       btree       424	student     pk_student     List of relations       class     pk_class     Schema       Name     Type       Owner     Table     Persistence       Access								Access method	Size
test   pk_student   index   postgres   student   permanent   btree   304 (3 rows)			test test	pk_registration   pk_student	index	postgres				56 kB 4248 kB 304 kB

#### Quesť

## Find the Driving table

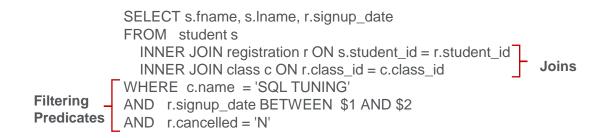
#### Need to know the size of the actual data sets in each step

- In Joins (Right, Left, Outer)
- What are the filtering predicates
- When is each filtering predicate applied
  - o Try to filter earlier rather than later

#### • Compare size of final result set with # of rows at each step

#### • Find the driving table

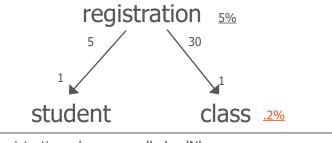
○ To reduce buffers (I/O)





## **SQL Diagramming**

- Great Book "SQL Tuning" by Dan Tow
  - Oldie but a goodie that teaches SQL Diagramming
  - http://www.singingsql.com



select count(1) from registration where cancelled = 'N' and signup\_date between '2022-12-10 00:00' and '2022-12-11 00:00'

```
4344 / 79,981 * 100 = 5.43%
5.43
```

select count(1) from class where name = 'SQL TUNING'

2 / 1000 \* 100 = .2

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### **Drive the Query with Class**

CREATE INDEX cl\_name ON test.class(name); QUERY PLAN Nested Loop (cost=10.36..2029.36 rows=67 width=35) (actual time=1.117..31.488 rows=57 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=685 -> Hash Join (cost=10.07..2007.46 rows=67 width=13) (actual time=1.096..31.019 rows=57 loops=1) Hash Cond: (r.class id = c.class id) Buffers: shared hit=514 -> Seq Scan on registration r (cost=0.00..1909.67 rows=33279 width=18) (actual time=0.017..23.553 rows=33259 loops=1) Filter: ((signup date >= '2014-03-21 00:00'::timestamp without time zone) AND (signup date <= '2014-03-28 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone) AND (cancelled = 'N'::bpchar)) Rows Removed by Filter: 46722 Buffers: shared hit=510 -> Hash (cost=10.05..10.05 rows=2 width=5) (actual time=0.069..0.070 rows=2 loops=1) Buckets: 1024 Batches: 1 Memory Usage: 9kB Buffers: shared hit=4 -> Bitmap Heap Scan on class c (cost=4.29..10.05 rows=2 width=5) (actual time=0.060..0.064 rows=2 loops=1) Recheck Cond: ((name)::text = 'SQL TUNING'::text) Heap Blocks: exact=2 Buffers: shared hit=4 -> Bitmap Index Scan on cl name (cost=0.00..4.29 rows=2 width=0) (actual time=0.054..0.054 rows=2 loops=1) Index Cond: ((name)::text = 'SQL TUNING'::text) Buffers: shared hit=2 -> Index Scan using pk student on student s (cost=0.29..0.33 rows=1 width=32) (actual time=0.007..0.007 rows=1 loops=57) Index Cond: (student id = r.student id) Buffers: shared hit=171 Planning: Buffers: shared hit=50 Planning Time: 0.693 ms Planning Time: 5.034 ms Execution Time: 32.553 ms Execution Time: 31,594 ms

## Why Seq Scan on Registration?

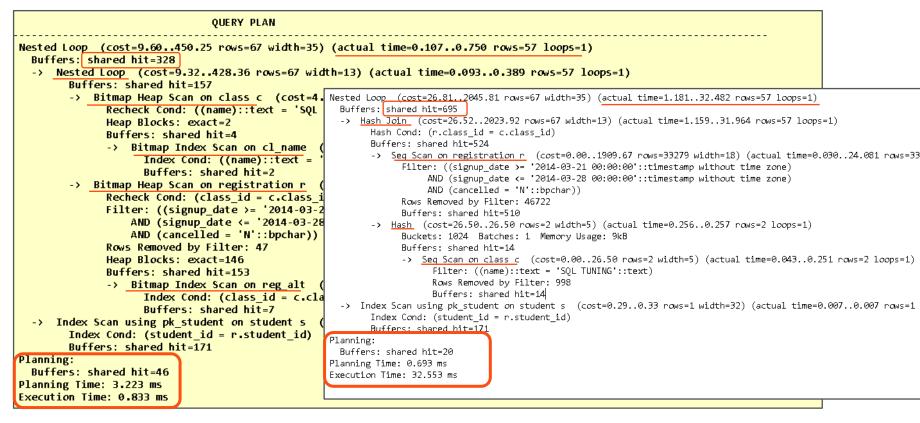
• Can't use Primary Key as class\_id is not left leading column

test=# \d test.registration									
Table "test.registration"									
Column	Туре	Collation	Nullable	Default					
	• •	•	+	•					
student id	numeric(18,0)	1							
class_id	numeric(18,0)	İ							
cancelled	character(1)	ĺ							
signup_date	timestamp without time zone	ĺ		CURRENT_TIMESTAMP					
Indexes :									
"pk_regis	"pk_registration" UNIQUE CONSTRAINT, btree (student_id, class_id, signup_date)								
Foreign-key constraints:									
"registration_class_id_fkey" FOREIGN KEY (class_id) REFERENCES test.class(class_id)									
	tion_student_id_fkey" FOREIGN								
Ū	/			, _ ,					

- Not much difference in throughput 6k vs 5.4k (685 vs 695 buffers)
  - Needs more information to drive by Class

## Add Index on Registration (Class\_id)

create index REG\_ALT on test.registration(class\_id);



## **Add Covering Index on Registration**

create index REG\_ALT on test.registration(class\_id, student\_id, signup\_date) include (cancelled);

QUERY PLAN									
Nested Loop (cost=4.9944.26 rows=67 width=35) (actual time=0.0990.455 rows=57 loops=1)									
Buffers: shared hit=183									
-> <u>Nested Loop</u> (cost=4.7122.37 rows=67 width=13) (actual time=0.0840.139 rows=57 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=12									
-> Bitmap Heap Scan on class c (cost=4.2910.05 rows=2 width=5) (actual time=0.0350.037 rows=2 loops=1)	IX 1: 695								
Recheck Cond: ((name)::text = 'SQL TUNING'::text)	17 1. 095								
Heap Blocks: exact=2 Buffers: shared hit=4									
Butters: snared nit=4 -> Bitmap Index Scan on cl_name (cost=0.004.29 rows=2 width=0) (actual time=0.0280.028 rows=2 loops=1)	IX 2: 328								
$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$									
Buffers: shared hit=2									
-> Index Only Scan using reg_alt on registration r (cost=0.425.83 rows=33 width=18) (actual time=0.0300.045 rows=29 loops=2)									
Index Cond: ((class_id = c.class_id) AND (signup date >= '2014-03-21 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone)									
AND (signup_date /= 2014-03-28 00:00:::timestamp without time zone))									
Filter: (cancelled = 'N'::bpchar)									
Heap Fetches: 0									
Buffers: shared hit=8									
-> Index Scan using pk_student on student s (cost=0.290.33 rows=1 width=32) (actual time=0.0050.005 rows=1 loops=57) Index Cond: (student id = r.student id)									
Buffers: shared hit=171									
Planning:									
Buffers: shared hit=28 Planning Time: 0.862 ms Planning Time: 3.223 ms Planning Time: 0.693 ms									
Planning lime: 0.862 ms									
Execution Time: 0.533 ms Execution Time: 0.833 ms Execution Time: 32.553 ms									



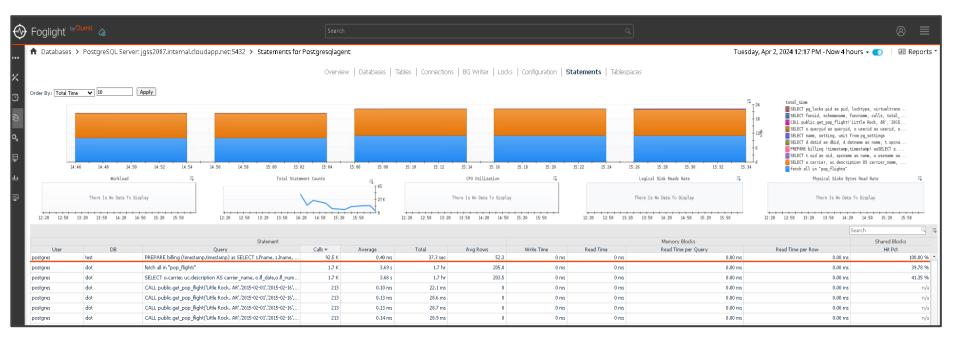
## **Case Study**

Flights by City & Day of Week



Where Next Meets Now.

### **SQL Taking the Most Time**



## Flights by City & Day of Week

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE
```

get\_pop\_flight(\_city varchar,\_beg\_date date, \_end\_date date,\_day\_of\_week varchar, INOUT pop\_flights refcursor) LANGUAGE 'plpgsql'

AS \$BODY\$

BEGIN

OPEN pop\_flights FOR SELECT o.carrier, uc.description AS carrier\_name, o.fl\_date,o.fl\_num,o.tail\_num

,ao.description AS origin\_airport,co.Description AS origin\_city ,ad.description AS destination\_airport

,cd.Description AS destination\_city ,w.Description Day\_of\_Wed

FROM public.t\_ontime o

```
INNER JOIN L_UNIQUE_CARRIERS AS uc ON uc.Code = o.UNIQUE_CARRIER
INNER JOIN L_AIRPORT_ID AS ao ON ao.Code = o.ORIGIN_AIRPORT_ID
INNER JOIN L_AIRPORT_ID AS ad ON ad.Code = o.DEST_AIRPORT_ID
INNER JOIN L_CITY_MARKET_ID AS co ON co.Code = o.ORIGIN_CITY_MARKET_ID
INNER JOIN L_CITY_MARKET_ID AS cd ON cd.Code = o.DEST_CITY_MARKET_ID
INNER JOIN L_WEEKDAYS AS w ON w.Code = o.DAY_OF_WEEK
where fl_date BETWEEN _beg_date AND _end_date
AND co.Description = city
```

AND w.Description = day of week;

END;

\$BODY\$;

BEGIN;

CALL public.get\_pop\_flight('Little Rock, AR','2015-02-01','2015-0 16','Sunday','pop\_flights'); fetch all in "pop\_flights"; COMMIT;

### **Star Schema**

#### US DOT - On-time Performance

_CITY_MARKET_ID	T_ONTIME_2015
Code	YEAR
Description	QUARTER
	MONTH
	DAY_OF_MONTH
	DAY_OF_WEEK
WEEKDAYS	FL_DATE
Code	UNIQUE_CARRIER
Description	AIRLINE_ID
	CARRIER
	TAIL_NUM
	FL_NUM
NIQUE_CARRIERS	ORIGIN_AIRPORT_ID
ode	ORIGIN_AIRPORT_SEQ_ID
escription >	ORIGIN_CITY_MARKET_ID
-	DEST_AIRPORT_ID
	DEST_AIRPORT_SEQ_ID
RPORT_ID	DEST_CITY_MARKET_ID
	ACTUAL_ELAPSED_TIME
	AIR_TIME
escription	
Description	DISTANCE

L\_UNIQUE\_CARRIERS: 1620 L\_AIRPORT\_ID: 6438 L\_CITY\_MARKET\_ID: 5823 L\_WEEKDAYS: 8 T ONTIME: 6784044

#### Quesť

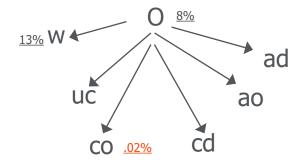
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### **Examine the Explain Plan**

	QUERY PLAN
	Nested Loop (cost=1016.79159139.35 rows=1 width=263) (actual time=769.8802069.920 rows=62 loops=1)
	Join Filter: (o.dest city market id = cd.code)
	Rows Removed by Join Filter: 360964
	Buffers: shared hit=21617 read=103930
	-> Nested Loop (cost=1016.79158970.33 rows=1 width=250) (actual time=769.6171959.944 rows=62 loops=1)
	Join Filter: (o.dest airport id = ad.code) Rows Removed by Join Filter: 399094
	Rows Removed by Join Filter: 393094 Buffers: shared hit-19261 read-103930
	-> Nested Loop (cost=1016.79.,158767.48 rows=1 width=217) (actual time=769.2821829.759 rows=62 loops=1)
	Join Filter: (o.origin airport id = ao.code)
	Rows Removed by Join Filter: 399094
	Buffers: shared hit=15665 read=103930
	-> Nested Loop (cost=1016.79158564.62 rows=1 width=184) (actual time=768.3531705.455 rows=62 loops=1)
	Join Filter: ((o.unique carrier)::bpchar = uc.code) Rows Removed by Join Filter: 100378
	Buffers: shared bit=12669 read=10390
	-> Nested Loop (cost=1016.79158515.17 rows=1 width=167) (actual time=768.1951664.851 rows=62 loops=1)
	Join Filter: (o.origin city market id = co.code)
	Rows Removed by Join Filter: 32132
	Buffers: shared hit=11263 read=103930
	-> Seq Scan on 1_city market_id co (cost=0.00.110.79 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.4481.428 rows=1 loops=1)
	Filter: ((description)::text = 'Little Rock, AR'::text) Rows Removed by Filter: 5822
2.07seconds	Buffers: shared hit=38
2.073600103	-> Gather (cost=1016.79158360.67 rows=3497 width=154) (actual time=684.6801615.868 rows=32194 loops=1)
	Workers Planned: 2
	Workers Launched: 2
	Buffers: shared hit=11225 read-103930
	-> <u>Hash Join</u> (cost=16.79157010.97 rows=1457 width=154) (actual time=559.6961481.533 rows=10731 loops=3) Hash Cond: (o.day of week = w.code)
	Buffers: shared hit=11225 read=103930
	-> Parallel Seq Scan on t ontime o
	(cost=0.00156615.38 rows=97130 width=40) (actual time=558.1481460.402 rows=76606 loops=3)
	Filter: ((fl_date >= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl_date <= '2015-02-16'::date))
	Rows Removed by Filter: 2145399
	Buffers: shared hit=11030 read=103930 -> <u>Hash</u> (cost=16.7516.75 r <i>o</i> ws=3 width=122) (actual time=0.9660.968 r <i>o</i> ws=1 loops=3)
	Buckets: 1024 Batches: 1 Memory Usage: 9kB
	Buffers : shared hit=3
	-> Seg Scan on 1 weekdays w
	(cost=0.0016.75 rows=3 width=122) (actual time=0.9340.936 rows=1 loops=3)
	Filter: ((description)::text = 'Friday'::text)
	Rows Removed by Filter: 7 Buffers: shared hit=3
	-> Seq Scan on 1 unique carriers uc (cost=0.0022.20 rows=1620 width=31) (actual time=0.0040.237 rows=1620 loops=62)
	Buffers: shared hit=806
	-> <u>Seq Scan on l airport id ao</u> (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0030.838 rows=6438 loops=62)
	Buffers: shared hit=3596
-	-> <u>Seq Scan on l airport id ad</u> (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0030.836 rows=6438 loops=62) Buffers: shared hit=3596
	Buitters: shared nit=3596 -> <u>Seq Scan on 1 city market id cd</u> (cost=0.0096.23 rows=5823 width=21) (actual time=0.0040.748 rows=5823 loops=62)
Quest	Buffers: shared hit=2356
	Planning Time: 2.060 ms
	Execution Time: 2070.099 ms

Now.

## **Find the Driving Table**



**Filtering Selectivity** 

```
select count(1) from t_ontime where fl_date
```

```
between '2015-12-01 00:00:00.000' and 2015-12-31 00:00:00.000';
```

```
select 479230.00 / 5819067.00 * 100 = 8.23
```

```
select count(1) from L_CITY_MARKET_ID where description = 'Chicago, IL' select 1.00 / 5760.00 * 100 = 0.017
```

```
select count(*) from L_WEEKDAYS where description = 'Friday' select 1.00 / 8 * 100 = 12.50
```

```
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```

### **Tune the Query**

#### Create index on T\_ONTIME & L\_CITY\_MARKET\_ID

- Create index CO\_MARKET\_DESC on public.L\_CITY\_MARKET\_ID(description);
- create index OCO\_MARKET\_DESC on public.T\_ONTIME(origin\_city\_market\_id);
- create unique index PK\_CITY\_MARKET on public.L\_CITY\_MARKET\_ID(code);

dot=≵ \d public.t_ontim Column	e Table "public.t_ont:   Type	ime"   Collation				
year quarter month day_of_month day_of_week fl_date unique_carrier airline_id carrier tail_num origin_airport_id origin_airport_seq_id origin_city_market_id dest_airport_seq_id dest_airport_seq_id dest_airport_sed_id dest_city_market_id actual_elapsed_time air_time flights distance	integer integer integer numeric(6,2) numeric(6,2) numeric(6,2)	(  coo des	column de scription exes: "co_market	ic.l_city_market_id Table "public.l_ci Type integer character varying(100) t_desc" btree (descriptio market" UNIQUE, btree (co	Collation   +       	
distance_group total_add_gtime Indexes:	numeric(6,2)   numeric   numeric tree (origin_city_market	_id)	quest.com   co	onfidential	Wr	nere Next Meets N

QUERY PLAN							
Nested Loop (cost=254.7958285.68 rows=1 width=263) (actual time=3.836321.645 rows=62 loops=1)							
Buffers: shared hit=8754 read=2787							
-> Nested Loop (cost=254.5158285.37 rows=1 width=250) (actual time=3.795320.654 rows=62 loops=1)							
Join Filter: (o.dest_airport_id = ad.code)							
Rows Removed by Join Filter: 399094							
Buffers: shared hit=8575 read=2780							
-> Nested Loop (cost=254.5158082.52 rows=1 width=217) (actual time=2.872212.043 rows=62 loops=1)							
Join Filter: (o.origin_airport_id = ao.code)							
Rows Removed by Join Filter: 399094 Buffers: shared hit=4979 read=2780							
-> Nested Loop (cost=254.5157879.66 rows=1 width=184) (actual time=2.129101.717 rows=62 loops=1)							
Join Filter: ((o.unique carrier)::bpchar = uc.code)							
Rows Removed by Join Filter: 100378							
Buffers: shared hit=1383 read=2780							
-> Nested Loop (cost=254.5157830.21 rows=1 width=167) (actual time=2.01665.792 rows=62 loops=1)							
Join Filter: (o.day_of_week = w.code)							
Rows Removed by Join Filter: 358							
Buffers: shared hit=577 read=2780							
-> Nested Loop (cost=254.5157811.66 rows=40 width=53) (actual time=1.96465.327 rows=420 loops=1)							
Buffers: shared hit=577 read=2779							
-> Index Scan using co_market_desc on l_city_market_id co_ (cost=0.28.8.30 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.0630.066 rows=1 loops=1)							
Index Cond: ((description)::text = 'Little Rock, AR'::text)							
Buffers: shared hit=1 read=2							
-> Bitmap Heap Scan on t_ontime o (cost=254.23.57795.26 rows=810 width=40) (actual time=1.89165.043 rows=420 loops=1)							
Recheck Cond: (origin_city_market_id = co.code) Filter: (/fl_date.)= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl_date.(= '2015-02-16'::date))							
Filter: ((fl_date >= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl_date <= '2015-02-16'::date)) Rows Removed by Filter: 12533							
Kows Removed by Filter: 12333 Heap Blocks: exact=3339							
neap blocks: exact=3539 Buffers: shared hit=576 read=2777							
-> Bitmap Index Scan on occ market desc (cost=0.00254.03 rows=23146 width=0) (actual time=1.2431.244 rows=12953 loops=1)							
Index Cond: (origin_city_market_id = co.code)							
Buffers: shared hit=1 read=13							
-> <u>Materialize</u> (cost=0.0016.77 rows=3 width=122) (actual time=0.0000.000 rows=1 loops=420)							
Buffers: shared read=1							
-> Seq Scan on l_weekdays w (cost=0.0016.75 rows=3 width=122) (actual time=0.0260.027 rows=1 loops=1)							
Filter: ((description)::text = 'Friday'::text) Rows Removed by Filter: 7							
Rows Removed by Filter: / Buffers: shared read-1							
-> Seq Scan on Lunique carriers uc (cost=0.0029.20 rows=1620 width=31) (actual time=0.0030.224 rows=1620 loops=62)							
Buffers: shared hit=806							
-> Seq Scan on 1 airport id ao (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0020.768 rows=6438 loops=62)							
Buffers: shared hit=3596							
-> Seq Scan on 1_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0030.790 rows=6438 loops=62)							
Buffers: shared hit=3596							
-> Index Scan using pk_city_market on l_city_market_id cd (cost=0.280.30 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.0110.011 rows=1 loops=62)							
Index Cond: (code = o.dest_city_market_id)							
Buffers: shared hit=179 read=7 Planning: Planning Time: 2.060 ms							
, remark.							
Planning Time: 4.337 ms							
Execution Time: 321.892 ms							

### Adjust the index

Quest

• Create index OCO\_MARKET\_DESC\_FL\_DATE on public.T\_ONTIME(origin\_city\_market\_id, fl\_date);

dot=# \d public.t_ontime						
Column	Table "public.t_ont: Type	Collation	Nullable			
year	integer					
quarter	integer					
month	integer					
day_of_month	integer					
day_of_week	integer					
fl_date	date					
unique_carrier	character varying(10)					
airline_id	integer					
carrier	character varying(10)					
tail_num	character varying(10)					
fl_num	integer					
origin_airport_id	integer					
origin_airport_seq_id	integer					
origin_city_market_id	integer					
dest_airport_id	integer					
dest_airport_seq_id	integer					
dest_city_market_id	integer					
actual_elapsed_time	numeric(6,2)					
air_time	numeric(6,2)					
flights	numeric(6,2)					
distance	numeric(6,2)					
distance_group	numeric					
total_add_gtime	numeric					
Indexes:						
"oco_market_desc_fl	_date" btree (origin_city	/_market_id,	fl_date)			

Where Next Meets Now.

<pre>Nested Loop (cost=3239.513435.51 rows=1 width=263) (actual time=2.87936.186 rows=62 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=1236 -&gt; Nested Loop (cost=3239.233435.21 rows=1 width=250) (actual time=2.86135.865 rows=62 loops=1) Join Filter: ((o.unique_carrier)::bpchar = uc.code) Rows Removed by Join Filter: 100378 Buffers: shared hit=1050 -&gt; Hash Join (cost=3239.233385.76 rows=1 width=233) (actual time=2.5184.186 rows=62 loops=1) Hash Cond: (ad.code = o.dest_airport_id) Buffers: shared hit=244 -&gt; Seq Scan on l_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58</pre>	
<pre>-&gt; Nested Loop (cost=3239.233435.21 rows=1 width=250) (actual time=2.86135.865 rows=62 loops=1)     Join Filter: ((0.unique_carrier)::bpchar = uc.code)     Rows Removed by Join Filter: 100378     Buffers: shared hit=1050     -&gt; Hash Join (cost=3239.233385.76 rows=1 width=233) (actual time=2.5184.186 rows=62 loops=1)     Hash Cond: (ad.code = o.dest_airport_id)     Buffers: shared hit=244     -&gt; Seq Scan on l_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1)     Buffers: shared hit=58</pre>	
Join Filter: ((o.unique_carrier)::bpchar = uc.code) Rows Removed by Join Filter: 100378 Buffers: shared hit=1050 -> Hash Join (cost=3239.233385.76 rows=1 width=233) (actual time=2.5184.186 rows=62 loops=1) Hash Cond: (ad.code = o.dest_airport_id) Buffers: shared hit=244 -> Seq Scan on l_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58	
Buffers: shared hit=1050 -> Hash Join (cost=3239.233385.76 rows=1 width=233) (actual time=2.5184.186 rows=62 loops=1) Hash Cond: (ad.code = o.dest_airport_id) Buffers: shared hit=244 -> Seq Scan on 1_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58	
-> Hash Join (cost=3239.233385.76 rows=1 width=233) (actual time=2.5184.186 rows=62 loops=1) Hash Cond: (ad.code = o.dest_airport_id) Buffers: shared hit=244 -> Seq Scan on 1_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58	
Hash Cond: (ad.code = o.dest_airport_id) Buffers: shared hit=244 -> Seq Scan on l_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58	
Buffers: shared hit=244 -> Seq Scan on l_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 rows=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58	
-> Seq Scan on l_airport_id ad (cost=0.00122.38 r <i>o</i> ws=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0140.667 r <i>o</i> ws=6438 loops=1) Buffers: shared hit=58	
-> Hash (cost=3239.223239.22 rows=1 width=200) (actual time=2.4702.473 rows=62 loops=1)	
Buckets: 1024 Batches: 1 Memory Usage: 17kB	
Buffers: shared hit=186 -> Hash Join (cost=3092.693239.22 rows=1 width=200) (actual time=1.5872.443 rows=62 loops=1)	
Hash Cond: (ao.code = o.origin airport id)	
Buffers: shared hit=186	
-> Seq Scan on l_airport_id ao (cost=0.00122.38 rows=6438 width=41) (actual time=0.0060.648 rows=6438 loops=1)	
Buffers: shared hit=58	
-> Hash (cost=3092.673092.67 rows=1 width=167) (actual time=0.7990.802 rows=62 loops=1) Buckets: 1024 Batches: 1 Memory Usage: 14kB	
Buffers: shared hit=128	
-> Nested Loop (cost=15.043092.67 rows=1 width=167) (actual time=0.1330.765 rows=62 loops=1)	
Join Filter: (o.day_of_week = w.code)	
Rows Removed by Join Filter: 358	
Buffers: shared hit=128 -> Nested Loop (cost=15.043074.12 rows=40 width=53) (actual time=0.1070.531 rows=420 loops=1)	
$= -7 \text{ we see the top } (\text{cost} = 1.504 \dots 30/4 \dots 27/40 \text{ wheth} = 3.57 (\text{actual time=0.107.00.151 Pows=420 100ps=1})$	
-> Index Scan using co market desc on l city market id co (cost=0.288.30 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.039.	.0.040 rows=1 loops=1)
Index Cond: ((description)::text = 'Little Rock, AR'::text)	
Buffers: shared hit=3	
-> Bitmap Heap Scan on t_ontime o (cost=14.763057.72 rows=810 width=40) (actual time=0.0600.304 rows=420 low Recheck Cond: ((origin city market id = co.code) AND (fl date >= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl date <= '2015-0	
Heap Blocks: exact=120	02-10uate))
Buffers: shared hit=124	
-> Bitmap Index Scan on oco_market_desc_fl_date (cost=0.0014.56 rows=810 width=0) (actual time=0.0380	
Index Cond: ((origin_city_market_id = co.code) AND (fl_date >= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl_date <= '20	015- <del>02-16'::date}}</del>
Buffers: shared hit=4 -> Materialize (cost=0.0016.77 rows=3 width=122) (actual time=0.0000.000 rows=1 loops=420)	
Buffers: shared hit=1	
-> Seq Scan on l_weekdays w (cost=0.0016.75 rows=3 width=122) (actual time=0.0110.012 rows=1 loops=1)	
Filter: ((description)::text = 'Friday'::text)	
Rows Removed by Filter: 7 Buffers: shared hit=1	
BUTTERS: SHAFED INIEL -> Seq Scan on l unique carriers uc (cost=0.0029.20 rows=1620 width=31) (actual time=0.0020.195 rows=1620 loops=62)	
Buffers: shared hit=806	
-> Index Scan using pk_city_market on l_city_market_id cd (cost=0.280.30 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.0040.004 rows=1 loops=62)	
Index Cond: (code = o.dest_city_market_id)	
Busphers: shared hit=186	
Planning: Buffers: shared hit=28 Planning Time: 4.337 ms Execution Time: 2070.009 ms	
Planning Time: 4.669 ms Planning Time: 4.669 ms Execution Time: 321.892 ms	
Execution Time: 36.378 ms	

### **Engineer out the Stupid**

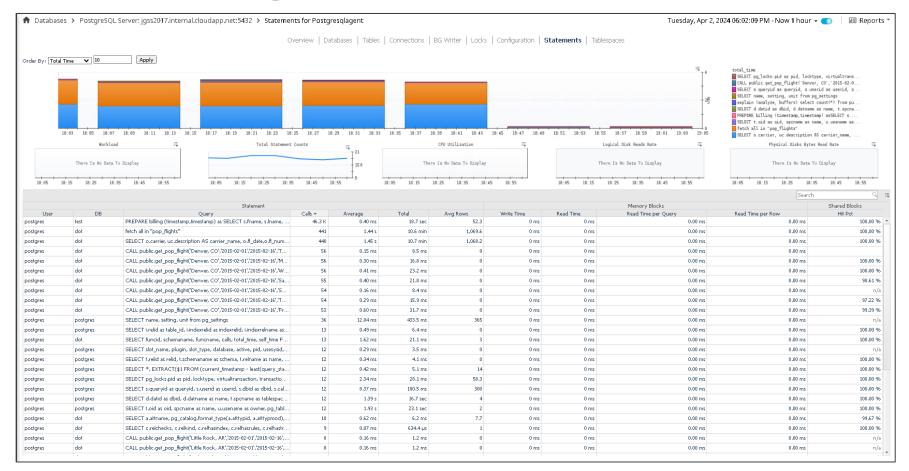
• No Primary or Foreign Keys! (See appendix for more Stupid Things)

dot-≉ ∖d	lot-≇ \di+ public.* List of relations										
Schema	Name	Table	Persistence	Access method	Size						
public public public public public (5 rows)	••= •	index index index index index	postgres postgres postgres postgres postgres	t_ontime l_city_market_id l_airport_id l_unique_carriers l_weekdays	permanent permanent permanent permanent permanent	btree btree btree btree btree btree	47 MB 144 kB 160 kB 72 kB 16 kB				

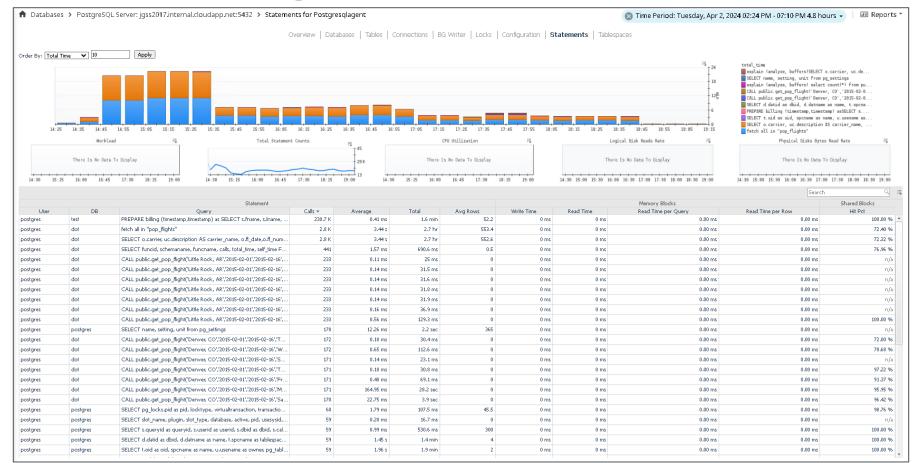
Table "public.t ontime" Add PKs & FKs Column Type Collation | Nullable | Default year integer quarter integer integer month day of month integer . . . Indexes: "oco market desc fl date" btree (origin city market id, fl date) Foreign-key constraints: "fk airline id" FOREIGN KEY (origin airport id) REFERENCES 1 airport id(code) "fk dest airline id" FOREIGN KEY (dest airport id) REFERENCES l airport id(code) "fk dest city" FOREIGN KEY (dest city market id) REFERENCES 1 city market id(code) "fk origin city" FOREIGN KEY (origin city market id) REFERENCES 1 city market id(code) "fk unique carrier" FOREIGN KEY (unique carrier) REFERENCES l unique carriers(code)

```
QUERY PLAN
Nested Loop (cost=15.89..3184.20 rows=5 width=263) (actual time=0.359..1.710 rows=62 loops=1)
  Buffers: shared hit=907
  -> Nested Loop (cost=15.60..3182.69 rows=5 width=250) (actual time=0.352..1.589 rows=62 loops=1)
        Buffers: shared hit=721
        -> Nested Loop (cost=15.32..3181.19 rows=5 width=217) (actual time=0.344..1.466 rows=62 loops=1)
              Buffers: shared hit=535
              -> Nested Loop (cost=15.04..3179.68 rows=5 width=184) (actual time=0.333..1.350 rows=62 loops=1)
                    Buffers: shared hit=349
                    -> Nested Loop (cost=14.76..3178.20 rows=5 width=167) (actual time=0.312..0.989 rows=62 loops=1)
                         Join Filter: (w.code = o.day of week)
                         Rows Removed by Join Filter: 358
                         Buffers: shared hit=163
                         -> Seq Scan on 1 weekdays w (cost=0.00..1.10 rows=1 width=122) (actual time=0.016..0.017 rows=1 loops=1)
                                Filter: ((description)::text = 'Friday'::text)
                               Rows Removed by Filter: 7
                               Buffers: shared hit=1
                         -> Nested Loop (cost=14.76..3176.60 rows=40 width=53) (actual time=0.291..0.937 rows=420 loops=1)
                                Buffers: shared hit=162
                                -> Seq Scan on 1 city market id co (cost=0.00..110.79 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.237..0.617 rows=1 loops=1)
                                     Filter: ((description)::text = 'Little Rock, AR'::text)
                                      Rows Removed by Filter: 5822
                                      Buffers: shared hit=38
                                -> Bitmap Heap Scan on t ontime o (cost=14.76..3057.72 rows=810 width=40) (actual time=0.049..0.210 rows=420 loops=1)
                                     Recheck Cond: ((origin city market id = co.code)
                                           AND (fl date >= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl_date <= '2015-02-16'::date))
                                     Heap Blocks: exact=120
                                     Buffers: shared hit=124
                                     -> Bitmap Index Scan on oco market_desc_fl_date (cost=0.00..14.56 rows=810 width=0) (actual time=0.030..0.030 rows=420 loops=1)
                                           Index Cond: ((origin city market id = co.code)
                                                 AND (fl date >= '2015-02-01'::date) AND (fl date <= '2015-02-16'::date))
                                            Buffers: shared hit=4
                    -> Index Scan using pk l unique carriers on l unique carriers uc (cost=0.28..0.30 rows=1 width=31) (actual time=0.005..0.005 rows=1 loops=62)
                         Index Cond: (code = (o.unique carrier)::bpchar)
                         Buffers: shared hit=186
              -> Index Scan using pk l airport on l airport id ao (cost=0.28..0.30 rows=1 width=41) (actual time=0.001..0.001 rows=1 loops=62)
                   Index Cond: (code = o.origin airport id)
                    Buffers: shared hit=186
       -> Index Scan using pk l airport on l airport id ad (cost=0.28..0.30 rows=1 width=41) (actual time=0.002..0.002 rows=1 loops=62)
             Index Cond: (code = o.dest airport id)
              Buffers: shared hit=186
  -> Index Scan using pk city market on 1 city market id cd (cost=0.28..0.30 rows=1 width=21) (actual time=0.001..0.001 rows=1 loops=62)
       Index Cond: (code = o.dest city market id)
        Buffers: shared hit=186
Planning:
 Buffers: shared hit=8
Planning Time: 2.462 ms
Execution Time: 1.818 ms
```

### **Best Average Time**



### **Entire Tuning Effects on Workload**



# Summary

#### Monitor Wait time

- Review the Execution Plan
  - Look for Costly Steps
- Gather Object Info
- Find the Driving Table
- Engineer out the Stupid
  - Common mistakes
- Compare your Tuning Results
  - Brag about Yourself ... No one else will!
- Q & A



## **More Stupid Things**

- Selecting unnecessary columns or using wildcards (\*) in Select clause
  - Adding extra columns can slow down query performance & increase the amount of memory (I/O) & CPU needed
- Using ambiguous table aliases
  - Using ambiguous table aliases leads to confusion & can cause errors when writing complex queries
  - Use clear, meaning full aliases
- Not filtering data not using a WHERE clause
  - Not filtering data, by not using a WHERE clause, can return large amounts of data and cause network latency when
    returning that data to the client
  - Always include a WHERE clause in your query
  - Databases are best at filtering data so don't forward to job to the client
- Not using appropriate JOINs
  - Using inefficient JOINs in a query can lead to performance
  - Nested Loops are good for large/small table lookups, Merge & Hash joins for large/large tables

#### Quesť

## **More Stupid Things**

#### Not using appropriate indexes

- Not using appropriate indexes in a query can lead to slow query performance & increased database workload
- Try using SQL Diagraming techniques to find the best index to drive the least amount of data required

#### Data type mismatch

- Comparing columns with wrong data types can lead to errors or incorrect results
- Make sure that the data types of the columns being compared or combined in the query are compatible

### Wait Events

- <u>RDS for PostgreSQL wait events</u>
- Aurora PostgreSQL wait events
- <u>https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/monitoring-stats.html</u>
  - Blocking Locks Query select pid,

usen	amo
usen	ame,

na	blocking	nide(nid)	l ac h	Jockod	by
μų	DIOCKING	plus(plu)	1 as L	JUCKEU	Dy,

```
query as blocked_query
```

from pg\_stat\_activity

where cardinality(pg\_blocking\_pids(pid)) > 0;

- Waiting to read data from the client (either too much data or client is slow) select datname, pid, usename, application\_name, wait\_event,

wait\_event\_type, query\_start, state\_change, state, query

from pg\_catalog.pg\_stat\_activity;

dot=# \i pg_wait.sql datname   pid   usename   application_name query	• –	wait_event_type	query_start	state_change	state	l
3356     2892   postgres   dot   9716   postgres   psql	AutoVacuumMain   LogicalLauncherMain   ClientRead	Activity	2024-04-15 21:04:34 <b>.4</b> 52726+00	'     2024-04-15 21:04:34.472967+00	'     idle in transaction	fetch all in "pop_flights";

blocked by

{10228}

dot=≇ \i pg lock.sql

pid | usename

6352 | postgres

(1 row)

blocked query

update public.t\_ontime set day of week = 9 where day of week =1;